

**Colosceum Media Private Limited**  
**Financial Statements**  
**2024-25**

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

## **TO THE MEMBERS OF COLOSCEUM MEDIA PRIVATE LIMITED**

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Colosceum Media Private Limited ('the Company')**, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information. (here in after referred to as "the Financial Statements")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, of the financial position of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, and its financial performance including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises information included in annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued there under. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

That Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## **Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### **Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. Further to our comment in the Annexure A, as required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
  - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Company as on 31st March, 2025, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;

- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “Annexure B”;
- g. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the provisions of section 197 of the act is not applicable to the company since no managerial remuneration is paid / provided.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor’s) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and as represented by the management:
- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
  - ii. The Company did not have any material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivative contracts.
  - iii. There were no amounts which required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - iv. (a) Management has represented to us that, to the best of it’s knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) Management has represented to us that, to the best of it’s knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(c) Based on our audit procedures conducted that are considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our attention that cause us to believe that the representation given by the management under paragraph (2) (h) (iv) (a) & (b) contain any material misstatement.

  - v. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.
  - vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software, for maintaining its books of account, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of

our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

**For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**Registration No. 101720W/W100355**

**Vijay Napawaliya**  
**Partner**  
**Membership No. 109859**  
**UDIN: 25109859BMMJPK5634**  
**Place: New Delhi**  
**Date: 15<sup>th</sup> April 2025**

## **“Annexure A” to the Independent Auditor’s Report**

**(Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements” of our report of even date to the members of the Colosseum Media Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025)**

- 1) a) (i) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment on the basis of available information.  
  
(ii) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets on the basis of available information.
  - b) As explained to us, Property, Plant & Equipment have been physically verified by the management in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - c) The Company does not have any immovable properties. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3 (i) (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3 (i) (d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - e) According to information & explanations and representation given to us by the management, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3 (i) (e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
2. a) The Company is into the business of creating content for broadcast/exhibition on various platforms and accordingly does not have any inventory (i.e. goods) which requires physical verification. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3 (ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.  
  
b) As per the information and explanations given to us and books of accounts and records examined by us, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions, however the same are unsecured. Therefore, clause (ii) (b) of Paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company
3. In respect of investments made in, or any guarantee or security provided or any loans granted or advances in nature of loans, secured or unsecured, during the year by the Company to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties –  
  
a) As per the information and explanations given to us and books of accounts and records examined by us, during the year Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loans, not provided any guarantee or security to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other entities. Therefore, the provision of clause 3(iii)(a),(c), (d),(e)and (f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.  
  
b) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, the investment made, prima facie, are not prejudicial to

Company's interest. The Company has not provided any guarantees or given security or loans and advances in nature of loans during the year.

4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has not granted any loans or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Section 185 of the Act. The Company has not made any investments or granted any loans or given any guarantee or security to the parties covered under section 186 of the Act.
5. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Therefore, the clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
6. To the best of our knowledge and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the Company's activities. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the order are not applicable.
7. (a) According to the records of the company examined by us and information and explanations given to us, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance (ESI), income tax, and other material statutory dues applicable to it, with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such statutory dues were outstanding as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.  
  
(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited with the appropriate authority on account of any dispute.
8. According to the information and explanations given to us and representation given to us by the management, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.
9. a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given and books of accounts and records examined by us, the Company does not have any loans or other borrowings from any lender.  
  
b) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.  
  
c) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given and records examined by us, the Company has not obtained any term loans during the year.  
  
d) According to the information and explanations given to us, procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report, *prima facie*, that no funds raised on the short-term basis have been utilized for long term purposes.



- e) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures therefore question of taking any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures does not arise.
  - f) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company does not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies, therefore question of raising any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures does not arise.
10. a) The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and hence clause (x)(a) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year hence clause (x)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
11. a) Based on our audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and on the basis of information and explanations given by the management, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed by auditor in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- c) The Company is not required to have Whistle Blower Mechanism under applicable rules and regulations. Further, as represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
12. The Company is not Nidhi Company as per Companies Act 2013. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
13. The provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act 2013 are not applicable to the Company as it does not fulfil the criteria specified in the Section 177 of Companies Act 2013. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered any transactions which under section 188 of Companies Act, 2013. Details of all related party have been disclosed in financial statements, as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards.
14. a) As per section 138 of Companies Act 2013, the Company does not have to appoint an internal auditor but it chooses to do so voluntarily. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) We have considered the internal audit reports issued till date to the Company and covering the period under audit for the current financial year.
15. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.

16. a) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
  - b) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year as per the Reserve bank of India Act 1934.
  - c) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations provided to us, the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.
  - d) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations provided to us, the Group has 2 Core Investment Company (CIC).
17. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations provided to us, Company has not any incurred cash losses in the financial year and had incurred cash losses Rs. 59.62 Lakh in the immediately preceding financial year.
  18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Therefore, provisions of clause (xviii) of Paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
  19. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
  20. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures provision of section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

**For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**Registration No. 101720W/W100355**

**Vijay Napawaliya**  
**Partner**  
**Membership No. 109859**  
**UDIN: 25109859BMMJPK5634**  
**Place: New Delhi**  
**Date: 15<sup>th</sup> April 2025**

## **“Annexure B” to the Independent Auditor’s Report**

**Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under the heading “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements” of our report of even date to the members of the Colosceum Media Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025**

**Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to aforesaid financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)**

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to aforesaid financial statements of Colosceum Media Private Limited (“the Company”) as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### **Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### **Auditors’ Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

## **Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements**

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025, based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

**For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**Registration No. 101720W/W100355**

**Vijay Napawaliya**  
**Partner**  
**Membership No. 109859**  
**UDIN: 25109859BMMJPK5634**  
**Place: New Delhi**  
**Date: 15<sup>th</sup> April 2025**

**Colosceum Media Private Limited**  
**Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025**

(₹ in lakh)

	Notes	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Property, Plant and Equipment	4	203	245
Financial Assets			
Other Financial Assets	5	10	9
Other Non-Current Assets	6	55	80
<b>Total Non-Current Assets</b>		<b>268</b>	<b>334</b>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Inventories	7	913	1,401
Financial Assets			
Investments	8	764	396
Trade Receivables	9	739	1,058
Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	4	97
Other Financial Assets	11	12	8
Other Current Assets	12	122	65
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		<b>2,554</b>	<b>3,025</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>2,822</b>	<b>3,359</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>EQUITY</b>			
Equity Share Capital	13	118	118
Other Equity	14	1,949	1,962
<b>Total Equity</b>		<b>2,067</b>	<b>2,080</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Financial Liabilities			
Lease Liability	15	118	155
Provisions	16	35	32
<b>Total Non-Current Liabilities</b>		<b>153</b>	<b>187</b>
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Financial Liabilities			
Lease Liabilities	17	37	31
Trade Payables due to:	18		
Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises		39	226
Other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises		183	429
Other Current Liabilities	19	343	406
Provisions (₹60,143, Previous year ₹54,909)	20	0	0
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		<b>602</b>	<b>1,092</b>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		<b>755</b>	<b>1,279</b>
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>		<b>2,822</b>	<b>3,359</b>
Material Accounting Policies	2		
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	1 to 40		

**Colosceum Media Private Limited**  
**Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025**

As per our Report of even date

For **Chaturvedi & Shah LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
Registration No.: 101720W/W100355

**Vijay Napawaliya**  
Partner  
Membership No.: 109859

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors  
**Colosceum Media Private Limited**

**Kshipra Jatana**  
Director  
DIN 02491225

**Karanvir Singh Gill**  
Director  
DIN 07283590

**Bindu Navinchandra Trivedi**  
Director  
DIN 07986509

Date: 15th April, 2025

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2025

(₹ in lakh)

	Notes	2024-25	2023-24
<b>INCOME</b>			
Value of Sales and Services		5,008	8,472
Goods and Services Tax included in above		764	1,292
<b>REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>4,244</b>	<b>7,180</b>
Other Income	<b>22</b>	44	37
<b>Total Income</b>		<b>4,288</b>	<b>7,217</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Production and Other Direct Expenses	<b>23</b>	3,358	3,885
Changes in inventories of Work-In-Progress	<b>24</b>	488	2,830
Employee Benefits Expense	<b>25</b>	256	290
Finance Cost	<b>26</b>	20	20
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	<b>4</b>	57	24
Other Expenses	<b>27</b>	124	252
<b>Total Expenses</b>		<b>4,303</b>	<b>7,301</b>
<b>Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax</b>		<b>(15)</b>	<b>(84)</b>
<b>TAX EXPENSE</b>			
Current Tax	<b>28</b>	-	-
<b>Total Tax Expenses</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Profit/ (Loss) for the year</b>		<b>(15)</b>	<b>(84)</b>
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>			
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	<b>25.3</b>	2	2
<b>Total Other Comprehensive Income</b>		<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the year end</b>		<b>(13)</b>	<b>(82)</b>
<b>EARNINGS PER EQUITY SHARE OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 10 EACH</b>			
Basic (in ₹)	<b>29</b>	(1.24)	(7.11)
Diluted (in ₹)	<b>29</b>	(1.24)	(7.11)
Material Accounting Policies	<b>2</b>		
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	<b>1 to 40</b>		

**Colosceum Media Private Limited**  
**Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2025**

As per our Report of even date

For **Chaturvedi & Shah LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
Registration No.: 101720W/W100355

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors  
**Colosceum Media Private Limited**

**Vijay Napawaliya**  
Partner  
Membership No.: 109859

**Kshipra Jatana**  
Director  
DIN 02491225

**Karanvir Singh Gill**  
Director  
DIN 07283590

**Bindu Navinchandra Trivedi**  
Director  
DIN 07986509

Date: 15th April, 2025



**Colosseum Media Private Limited**  
**Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2025**

**A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL**

(₹ in lakh)

	Balance at the beginning of 1st April, 2023	Change during the year 2023-24	Balance as at 31st March, 2024	Change during the year 2024-25	Balance as at 31st March, 2025
	118	-	118	-	<b>118</b>

**B. OTHER EQUITY**

(₹ in lakh)

	Equity component of financial instruments	Reserves and Surplus		Total
		Securities Premium	Retained Earnings	
Balance at the beginning of 1st April, 2023	11	1,260	773	2,044
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	-	-	(84)	(84)
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans transferred to Retained Earnings *	-	-	2	2
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the year</b>	-	-	<b>(82)</b>	<b>(82)</b>
<b>Balance as at 31st March, 2024</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1,260</b>	<b>691</b>	<b>1,962</b>
Balance at the beginning of 1st April, 2024	11	1,260	691	1,962
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	-	-	(15)	(15)
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans transferred to Retained Earnings *	-	-	2	2
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the year</b>	-	-	<b>(13)</b>	<b>(13)</b>
<b>Balance as at 31st March, 2025</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1,260</b>	<b>678</b>	<b>1,949</b>

\* includes remeasurement of defined benefit plan for the year amounting to ₹ 2 Lacs & previous year of ₹ 2 Lacs

Material Accounting Policies

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

2

1 to 40

**Colosceum Media Private Limited**  
**Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2025**

As per our Report of even date

For **Chaturvedi & Shah LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
Registration No.: 101720W/W100355

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors  
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DIN 07986509

Date: 15th April, 2025

**Colosceum Media Private Limited**  
**Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2025**

(₹ in lakh)

	2024-25	2023-24
<b>A: CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
<b>Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss</b>	(15)	(84)
<b>Adjusted for:</b>		
(Profit)/ Loss on Sale/ Discard of Property, Plant and Equipment (Net)	-	(3)
Provision for Doubtful Advance	-	22
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	57	24
Liabilities/ Provisions no longer required written back	(5)	(10)
Net (Gain)/ Loss arising on Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(35)	(10)
Finance Cost	20	20
Interest Income	(1)	(1)
<b>Operating Profit/ (Loss) before Working Capital Changes</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>(42)</b>
<b>Adjusted for:</b>		
Trade and Other Receivables	257	(375)
Trade and Other Payables	(486)	(2,089)
Inventories	488	2,830
<b>Cash Generated from Operations</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>324</b>
Taxes (Paid)/ Refund (Net)	26	49
<b>Net Cash Generated from / (Used in) Operating Activities</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>373</b>
<b>B: CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Payment for Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets	(15)	(70)
Proceeds from Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets	-	5
Purchase of Current Investments	(2,555)	(2,010)
Proceeds from Redemption/ Sale of Current Investments	2,222	1,786
<b>Net Cash Used in Investing Activities</b>	<b>(348)</b>	<b>(289)</b>
<b>C: CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Payment of Lease Liabilities	(31)	(2)
Finance Cost	(20)	(20)
<b>Net Cash Generated from/ (Used in) Financing Activities</b>	<b>(51)</b>	<b>(22)</b>
<b>Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(93)</b>	<b>62</b>
<b>Opening balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>35</b>
<b>Closing balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents (Refer Note 10)</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>97</b>
Material Accounting Policies	2	
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	1 to 40	

**Colosceum Media Private Limited**  
**Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2025**

As per our Report of even date

For **Chaturvedi & Shah LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
Registration No.: 101720W/W100355

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors  
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Director  
DIN 07986509

Date: 15th April, 2025

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

### 1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Colosceum Media Private Limited ("the Company") CIN No. U74120MH2007PTC273464 dated 29th November, 2007 is a Company incorporated in India. The registered office of the company is situated at First floor, Empire Complex, 414, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013, Maharashtra. The Company is engaged in the business of conceptualization and creation of multimedia assets and IPs. It offers content development capabilities for television, OTT and film entertainment as well as consulting, strategic and research advisory services to clients.

### 2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of Preparation and Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and liabilities, defined benefit plans - plan assets which have been measured at fair value amount.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared to comply with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS'), including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, (as amended from time to time) and Presentation and disclosure requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS Compliant Schedule III) as amended from time to time. The Company follow indirect method prescribed in Ind AS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows for presentation of its cash flows.

The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is its functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest lakh (₹ 00,000), except when otherwise indicated.

#### 2.2 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

##### (a) Current and Non-Current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on Current/ Non-Current classification considering an operating cycle of 12 months being the time elapsed between deployment of resources and the realisation in cash and cash equivalents there-against.

##### (b) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided using straight-line method. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the period of lease agreement or the useful life whichever is shorter.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of a property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

### (c) Leases

The Company, as a lessee, recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for its leasing arrangements, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset. The contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, if it involves the use of an identified asset and the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset and has right to direct the use of the identified asset.

The cost of the right-of-use asset shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date plus any initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate.

For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### (d) Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebate less accumulated amortisation/ depletion and impairment loss, if any. Such cost includes purchase price and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the items will flow to the Company and cost can be measured reliably.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

Computer Software are being amortised over its estimated useful life of 5 years.

### (e) Inventories

Items of inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence, if any. Cost of inventories comprises of cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs net of recoverable taxes incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition.

### (f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash on hand and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

### (g) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that any Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets or group of assets or CGU is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of the Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed, if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

### (h) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

The Company exercises significant judgement in identification of and estimation of the amounts of provisions and contingent liabilities. These provisions and contingent liabilities are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Disclosure of contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of amount cannot be made.

### (i) Employee Benefits

#### Short Term Employee Benefits

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

#### Long Term Employee Benefits

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are recognised as a liability as at the Balance Sheet date on the basis of actuarial valuation as per Projected Unit Credit Method.

#### Post-Employment Benefits

##### Defined Contribution Plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company pays specified contributions towards Provident Fund, Employee State Insurance and Pension Scheme. The Company's contribution is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

### **Defined Benefit Plans**

The Company pays gratuity to the employees who have completed five years of service with the Company at the time of resignation/ superannuation. The gratuity is paid @ 15 days basic salary for every completed year of service as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Re-measurements of defined benefit plans in respect of post-employment benefits are charged to the Other Comprehensive Income.

### **(j) Current Tax and Deferred Tax**

The tax expense for the period comprises of current and deferred tax. The Company exercises judgment in computation of current tax considering the relevant rulings and reassesses the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

### **(k) Foreign currencies transactions and translation**

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency's closing rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are recorded using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item.

### **(l) Revenue recognition**

#### **Revenue from operations includes income from content productions.**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. Income from media operations is recognised to the extent the performance of agreed contractual task has been completed. Consideration is generally due upon satisfaction of performance obligations and receivable is recognized when it becomes unconditional. Generally, the credit period varies between 0-90 days from the date of delivery of final telecast master.

Revenues in excess of invoicing are considered as contract assets and disclosed as unbilled revenue. Invoicing in excess of revenues are considered as contract liabilities and disclosed as unearned revenues.

#### **Interest income**

Interest Income from Financial Assets is recognised using effective interest rate method.



# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

### (m) Financial instruments

#### A. Initial recognition and measurement

##### Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

All financial assets and liabilities are initially recognised and measured at fair value. Purchase and Sale of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are recognised using trade date accounting.

#### B. Subsequent Measurement

##### i. Financial Assets

###### a) Measured at amortised Cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The effective interest rate amortisation is included in other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

###### b) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

###### c) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

##### ii. Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method other than those measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL). For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts are determined to approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

##### iii. Impairment of financial assets

The Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) model, for evaluating impairment of financial assets other than those measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- a) The 12-months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- b) Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument).

For trade receivables, the Company applies 'simplified approach' which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. Further, the Company uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of the trade receivables. At every reporting date, these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

For other assets, the Company uses 12 months ECL to provide for impairment loss where there is no significant increase in credit risk. If there is significant increase in credit risk full lifetime ECL is used.

### **(n) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash on hand, cash at banks, short-term deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### **3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY**

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these judgements, estimates and assumptions could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

#### **(a) Depreciation/ Amortisation and useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets**

Estimates are involved in determining the cost attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management. Property, Plant and Equipment/ Other Intangible Assets are depreciated/ amortised over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account their estimated residual value. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation/ amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation/ amortisation for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

#### **(b) Recoverability of trade receivables**

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

#### **(c) Provisions**

The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability require the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and adjusted to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

#### **(d) Impairment of non-financial assets:**

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use; considering recent transaction or independent valuer's report. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or a groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows covering generally a period of five years are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Estimated future cash flows involve judgement and estimates relating to revenue growth rates, net profit margin and perpetual growth rates. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transaction are taken into account, if no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

### **(e) Impairment of financial assets**

The impairment provisions for financial assets depending on their classification are based on assumptions about risk of default, expected cash loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

### **(f) Defined benefit plans**

The employment benefit obligations depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost/ income include the discount rate, salary escalation and mortality assumptions. Any changes in these assumptions will impact upon the carrying amount of employment benefit obligations.

### **(g) Deferred Tax**

Deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised. The Company uses judgement to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits and business developments.

### **(h) Fair value measurement**

For estimates relating to fair value of financial instruments Refer Note 35.

# Colosseum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

### 4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(₹ in lakh)

Description	Gross Block			Depreciation/ Amortisation				Net Block		
	As at 1st April, 2024	Additions	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 1st April, 2024	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>a) Property, Plant and Equipment</b>										
<b>Own Assets:</b>										
Plant and Equipment	0	-	-	0	0	0	-	-	0	0
Computers	19	2	-	21	19	1	-	20	1	0
Furniture and Fixtures	8	0	-	8	4	0	-	4	4	4
Vehicles	10	-	-	10	9	1	-	10	-	1
Office equipment	13	-	-	13	4	2	-	6	7	9
Leasehold Improvements	57	13	-	70	3	13	-	16	54	54
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>68</b>
<b>Right-of-Use Assets:</b>										
Building	195	-	-	195	18	40	-	58	137	177
<b>Total ( a )</b>	<b>302</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>317</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>245</b>
<b>Previous year</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>302</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>245</b>	
<b>b) Intangible Assets</b>										
Computers software	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	-
<b>Total ( b )</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Previous year</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-</b>	
<b>Grand Total ( a + b )</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>245</b>
<b>Previous year</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>245</b>	

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>5 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS NON-CURRENT</b>		
(Unsecured and Considered Good)		
Security Deposits	10	9
<b>Total</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>6 OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
(Unsecured and Considered Good)		
Advance Income Tax (Net of provision) (Refer Note 28)	54	80
Advance to Vendor	22	22
Less: Provision for Doubtful Advance	(22)	(22)
Prepaid Expenses	1	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>80</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>7 INVENTORIES</b>		
Work in progress (Programme under production) *	913	1,401
<b>Total</b>	<b>913</b>	<b>1,401</b>

\* Net off non-moving inventory

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>8 INVESTMENTS - CURRENT</b>		
<b>INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (FVTPL)</b>		
In Mutual Fund- Unquoted	764	396
<b>Total Investments - Current</b>	<b>764</b>	<b>396</b>
Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investments	764	396

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>9 TRADE RECEIVABLES</b>		
(Unsecured)		
Considered Good *	739	1,058
Considered having significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Credit impaired	-	-
	739	1,058
<b>Less: Allowance for</b>		
Receivables having significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Credit impaired receivables	-	-
	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>1,058</b>

\* Includes Trade Receivables from Related Parties (Refer Note 31)

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025						Total
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	
<b>9.1 Trade Receivables ageing schedule</b>							
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables considered good	703	36	-	-	-	-	739
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>703</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>739</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2024						Total
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	
<b>9.2 Trade Receivables ageing schedule</b>							
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables considered good	156	902	-	-	-	-	1,058
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>902</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,058</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		
<b>Balances with Banks</b>		
Cash on hand (₹ 3,136, Previous year ₹ 17,762)	0	0
Current Accounts	4	97
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Balance Sheet</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>97</b>
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cash Flow Statement</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>97</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>11 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS - CURRENT</b>		
(Unsecured and Considered Good)		
Security Deposits	12	5
Other Receivables	-	3
<b>Total</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>8</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>12 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
(Unsecured and Considered Good)		
Advance to Vendors	116	59
Prepaid Expenses	6	6
<b>Total</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>65</b>

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

	As at 31st March, 2025		As at 31st March, 2024	
	No. of Shares	(₹ in lakh)	No. of Shares	(₹ in lakh)
<b>13 SHARE CAPITAL</b>				
<b>(a) AUTHORISED SHARE CAPITAL</b>				
Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	15,00,000	150	15,00,000	150
Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each	5,00,000	50	5,00,000	50
<b>(b) ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND FULLY PAID UP</b>				
<b>Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each</b>				
(i) Issued,	11,76,500	118	11,76,500	118
(ii) Subscribed and fully paid up	11,76,500	118	11,76,500	118
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,76,500</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>11,76,500</b>	<b>118</b>

**13.1** The Company has only one class of equity share having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share held. All the equity shares rank pari passu in all respects including but not limited to entitlement for dividend, bonus issue and rights issue. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all liabilities, in proportion to their shareholding.

**13.2 Details of Shares held by each Shareholder holding more than 5% shares :**

Name of Shareholders	As at 31st March, 2025		As at 31st March, 2024	
	No. of Shares	% Holding	No. of Shares	% Holding
Network18 Media & Investments Ltd	11,76,500	100.00%	11,76,500	100.00%

\* Includes shares held by nominees of Network18 Media & Investments Ltd.

As per the records of the Company, including its registers of shareholders/members and other declarations, if any, received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

**13.3 Details of Shares held by Holding Company:**

Name of Shareholder	As at 31st March, 2025		As at 31st March, 2024	
	No. of Shares	(₹ in lakh)	No. of Shares	(₹ in lakh)
Network18 Media & Investments Ltd	11,76,500	118	11,76,500	118
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,76,500</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>11,76,500</b>	<b>118</b>

\* Includes shares held by nominees of Network18 Media & Investments Ltd.

**13.4** There are no bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

**13.5 Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:**

	As at 31st March, 2025		As at 31st March, 2024	
	No. of Shares	(₹ in lakh)	No. of Shares	(₹ in lakh)
Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	11,76,500	118	11,76,500	118
Add : Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
<b>Equity Shares at the end of the</b>	<b>11,76,500</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>11,76,500</b>	<b>118</b>

**13.6 Details of equity shares of ₹ 10 each held by Promoters are as under:**

Promoter name	As at 31st March, 2025		
	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Network18 Media & Investments Ltd *	11,76,500	100%	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,76,500</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>-</b>

\* Includes shares held by nominees of Network18 Media & Investments Ltd.

Promoter name	As at 31st March, 2024		
	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Network18 Media & Investments Ltd *	11,76,500	100%	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,76,500</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>-</b>

\* Includes shares held by nominees of Network18 Media & Investments Ltd.

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>14 OTHER EQUITY</b>		
<b>I PREFERENCE SHARES *</b>		
As per last Balance Sheet	11	11
	11	11
<b>II RESERVES AND SURPLUS</b>		
<b>i SECURITIES PREMIUM</b>		
As per last Balance Sheet	1,260	1,260
	1,260	1,260
<b>ii RETAINED EARNINGS</b>		
As per last Balance Sheet	691	773
Add: Profit/ (Loss) for the year	(15)	(84)
Add: Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	2	2
	678	691
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,949</b>	<b>1,962</b>

Figures in brackets "( )" represents debit balance.

**\* Description of the rights, preferences and restrictions attached 0% Optionally Fully Convertible Preference Shares (OFCPS)**

14.1. Each OFCPS shall have a tenure of 15 (Fifteen) years from the date of allotment and shall not carry any right to dividend.

14.2. OFCPS can be converted fully or in part into Equity Shares of the Company at any time during a period of 15 years after the date of allotment at the option of the Company (Issuer).

14.3. Each OFCPS is convertible into 10 Equity Shares of the Company. The Equity Shares of the Company so allotted on conversion shall rank pari passu and shall have the same rights as the outstanding Equity Shares of Company on the date of such conversion.

14.4. OFCPS are Non Cumulative in nature and shall have voting rights only in respect of certain matters as per the provisions of Section 47 (2) of the Companies Act, 2013.

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>15 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - NON-CURRENT</b>		
Lease Liability (Refer Note 30)	118	155
<b>Total</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>155</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>16 PROVISIONS - NON-CURRENT</b>		
Provision for Employee Benefits		
For Compensated Absences	9	8
For Gratuity (Refer Note 25.2)	26	24
<b>Total</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>32</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>17 LEASE LIABILITIES - CURRENT</b>		
Lease Liability-Current (Refer Note 30)	37	31
<b>Total</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>31</b>



# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>18 TRADE PAYABLES DUE TO</b>		
Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	39	226
Other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	183	429
<b>Total</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>655</b>

18.1 There are no overdues to Micro Enterprises, Small Enterprises and Medium Enterprises as at 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024.

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025					
	Outstanding for following periods					Total
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 year	2 - 3 year	More than 3 year	
<b>18.2 Trade Payables ageing schedule</b>						
i MSME	39	-	-	-	-	<b>39</b>
iii Others	118	45	-	7	13	<b>183</b>
iii Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>222</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2024					
	Outstanding for following periods					Total
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 year	2 - 3 year	More than 3 year	
<b>18.3 Trade Payables aging schedule</b>						
i MSME	226	-	-	-	-	<b>226</b>
iii Others	251	137	21	7	13	<b>429</b>
iii Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>477</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>655</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>19 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Unearned Revenue	58	246
Statutory Dues	75	160
Advance from Customers	210	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>406</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>20 PROVISIONS - CURRENT</b>		
Provision for Employee Benefits		
For Compensated Absences (₹ 14,058, Previous year ₹ 12,420)	0	0
For Gratuity (Refer Note 25.2) (₹ 46,085, Previous year ₹ 42,489)	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	2024-25	2023-24
<b>21 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS</b>		
Income From Content Production	4,244	7,180
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,244</b>	<b>7,180</b>

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(₹ in lakh)

	2024-25	2023-24
<b>22 OTHER INCOME</b>		
Interest Income on:		
Security Deposits	1	1
Income Tax Refund	3	16
	<b>4</b>	<b>17</b>
Net Gain/ (Loss) arising on Financial Assets designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		
Realised Gain/ (Loss)	25	9
Unrealised Gain/ (Loss)	10	1
	<b>35</b>	<b>10</b>
Liabilities/ Provisions no longer required written back	5	10
Miscellaneous Income (₹ 32, Previous year ₹ 16,265)	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>37</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	2024-25	2023-24
<b>23 PRODUCTION AND OTHER DIRECT EXPENSES</b>		
Media Professional Fee	1,336	1,357
Material Consumed	109	110
Travelling & Conveyance	136	237
Artist Fees	47	146
Set Expenses	171	142
Production Equipment Expenses	366	329
Studio and Location Expenses	106	131
Production General Expenses	432	491
Line Production Fees	655	942
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,358</b>	<b>3,885</b>

	2024-25	2023-24
<b>24 CHANGE IN INVENTORIES OF WORK IN PROGRESS</b>		
Work-in-progress at the beginning of the year	1,401	4,231
Less: Work in progress at the end of the year	913	1,401
<b>Total</b>	<b>488</b>	<b>2,830</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	2024-25	2023-24
<b>25 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE</b>		
Salaries and Wages	236	270
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	9	9
Gratuity Expense (Refer Note 25.2)	4	3
Staff Welfare Expenses	7	8
<b>Total</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>290</b>

### 25.1 Defined Contribution Plans

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plans, recognised as expense for the year is as under:

(₹ in lakh)

	2024-25	2023-24
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund	8	8
Employer's Contribution to Pension Fund	1	1

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

### 25.2 Defined Benefit Plans

#### i Reconciliation of Opening and Closing balances of Defined Benefit Obligation:

	(₹ in lakh)	
	<b>Gratuity (Unfunded)</b>	
	<b>2024-25</b>	<b>2023-24</b>
Defined Benefit Obligation at beginning of the year	24	23
Current Service Cost	2	2
Interest Cost	2	1
Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss	(2)	(2)
Less: Benefits Paid	-	-
<b>Defined Benefit Obligation at year end</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>24</b>

#### ii Expenses recognised during the year:

	(₹ in lakh)	
	<b>Gratuity (Unfunded)</b>	
	<b>2024-25</b>	<b>2023-24</b>
<b>In Income Statement</b>		
Current Service Cost	2	2
Interest Cost	2	1
<b>Net Cost</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>In Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)</b>		
Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss for the year on Defined Benefit Obligation	(2)	(2)
<b>Net Expense/ (Income) for the year recognised in OCI</b>	<b>(2)</b>	<b>(2)</b>

#### iii Bifurcation of Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on Obligation:

	(₹ in lakh)	
	<b>2024-25</b>	<b>2023-24</b>
Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss on arising from Change in Demographic Assumption	-	-
Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss on arising from Change in Financial Assumption (₹ 42,269, Previous year ₹ 64,275)	0	0
Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss on arising from Experience Adjustment	(2)	(2)
<b>Total Remeasurements Recognised in OCI (Gain)/Loss</b>	<b>(2)</b>	<b>(2)</b>

#### iv Actuarial Assumptions:

	<b>Gratuity (Unfunded)</b>	
	<b>2024-25</b>	<b>2023-24</b>
Mortality Table	IALM (2012-14)	IALM (2012-14)
Discount Rate (per annum)	6.99%	7.15%
Rate of Escalation in Salary (per annum)	6.00%	6.00%

IALM - Indian Assured Lives Mortality.

The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Government of India bonds as at the Balance Sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.

The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is certified by the actuary.

#### v Sensitivity Analysis

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate and expected salary increase. The sensitivity analysis below, have been determined based on reasonable possible change of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The result of Sensitivity Analysis is given below:

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(₹ in lakh)

	Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>a. Impact of the Change in Discount Rate</b>		
Present Value of Obligation at the end of the year	26	24
i. Impact due to Increase of 0.50%	(1)	(1)
ii. Impact due to Decrease of 0.50%	1	1
<b>b. Impact of the Change in Salary Increase</b>		
Present value of Obligation at the end of the year	26	24
i. Impact due to Increase of 0.50%	1	1
ii. Impact due to Decrease of 0.50%	(1)	(1)

**vi Maturity profile of Defined Benefit Obligation:**

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
0 to 1 Year (₹ 46,085, Previous year ₹ 42,489)	0	0
1 to 2 Year (₹ 42,058, Previous year ₹ 38,453)	0	0
2 to 3 Year (₹ 43,372, Previous year ₹ 39,372)	0	0
3 to 4 Year (₹ 45,024, Previous year ₹ 40,594)	0	0
4 to 5 Year (₹ 47,017, Previous year ₹ 42,131)	0	0
5 to 6 Year (₹ 52,823, Previous year ₹ 47,135)	0	0
6 Year onwards	23	22

**vii** These Plans typically expose the Company to actuarial risks such as: Interest Risk, Longevity Risk and Salary Risk.

**a) Interest Risk** - A decrease in the discount rate will increase the plan liability.

**b) Longevity Risk** – The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

**c) Salary Risk** – The present value of the defined plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

(₹ in lakh)

	2024-25	2023-24
<b>25.3 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>		
<b>- Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss</b>		
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	2	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	2024-25	2023-24
<b>26 FINANCE COST</b>		
Interest Cost on Lease Liability	20	20
<b>Total</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(₹ in lakh)

	2024-25	2023-24
<b>27 OTHER EXPENSES</b>		
Electricity Expenses	5	4
Telephone and Communication Expenses	1	1
Professional and Legal Fees	31	45
Rent	1	26
Insurance	1	2
Other Repairs	6	4
Project Development	17	70
(Profit)/ Loss on Sale/ Discard of Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets (Net)	-	(3)
Travelling and Conveyance	18	18
Rates and Taxes	4	2
Payment to Auditor	5	5
Provision for Doubtful Advance	-	22
Miscellaneous Expenses	35	56
<b>Total</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>252</b>

(₹ in lakh)

	2024-25	2023-24
<b>27.1 PAYMENT TO AUDITORS :</b>		
i Fees as Auditors	4	4
ii Tax Audit Fees	1	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>

### 27.2 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the Company.

(₹ in lakh)

	2024-25	2023-24
<b>28 TAXATION</b>		
<b>a) The Income Tax Expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:</b>		
Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax	(15)	(84)
Applicable Tax Rate	25.168%	25.168%
Computed Tax Expense	(4)	(21)
<b>Tax Effect of:</b>		
Expenses (Allowed)/ Disallowed	1	8
Unused Tax Losses (Carried forward losses)/ Tax Credit	3	13
<b>Tax Expenses Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

The tax rate used for the reconciliations above is the corporate tax rate payable by corporate entities in India on taxable profit under the Income tax law.

(₹ in lakh)

	2024-25	2023-24
<b>b) Advance Income Tax (Net of provision)</b>		
At the start of year	80	128
Tax Paid/ (Refund) (net)	(26)	(48)
<b>At end of the year</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>80</b>

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

	2024-25	2023-24
<b>29 EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)</b>		
i Net Profit/ (Loss) After Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in lakh)	(15)	(84)
ii Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating Basic EPS	11,76,500	11,76,500
iii Equivalent Weighted average Number of equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 based on conversion of OFCPS as per terms of conversion	10,81,010	10,81,010
iv Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for Calculating Diluted EPS *	22,57,510	22,57,510
v Basic Earning Per Share (₹)	(1.24)	(7.11)
vi Diluted Earning Per Share (₹)	(1.24)	(7.11)
vii Face Value Per Equity Share (₹)	10	10

\* Potential equity shares on conversion of OFCPS are anti-dilutive in nature and hence diluted earnings per share is same as basic earnings per share.

### 30 LEASE LIABILITIES

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of Lease Liabilities as at 31st March, 2025 on an undiscounted basis:

	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
i Less than one year	53	51
ii One to five years	141	194
iii More than five years	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>245</b>

### 31 RELATED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

As per Ind AS 24, the disclosures of transactions with the related parties are given below:

#### 31.1 List of related parties where control exists and related parties with whom

Name of the Related Party	Relationship
1 Independent Media Trust	
2 Adventure Marketing Private Limited *	
3 Colorful Media Private Limited *	
4 Network18 Media & Investments Limited **	
5 RB Holdings Private Limited *	Enterprises Exercising Control
6 RB Media Holdings Private Limited *	
7 RB Mediasoft Private Limited *	
8 RRB Mediasoft Private Limited *	
9 Siddhant Commercials Private Limited	
10 Watermark Infratech Private Limited *	
11 Reliance Industries Limited	Beneficiary/ Protector of Independent Media
12 Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited	
13 Digital18 Media Private Limited (Formerly Digital18 Media Limited) §	Fellow Subsidiaries
14 AETN18 Media Private Limited	
15 Star India Private Limited	

\* Control by Independent Media Trust of which Reliance Industries Limited is the sole beneficiary

\*\* Holding Company as per Companies Act, 2013

§ All asset liabilities and reserves / retained earnings, if any of Media Operations Undertaking and Jio Cinema Undertaking of Viacom 18 have been transferred as on 31st March 2023 and 13th April 2023 respectively to Digital18 pursuant to Composite Scheme of Arrangement amongst Digital18 Media Private Limited, Studio18 Media Private Limited and Star India Private Limited.

# Colosseum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

### 31.2 Details of transactions and balances with related parties

(₹ in lakh)

	Enterprises Exercising Control	Fellow Subsidiaries	Total
<b>A Transactions during the year (excluding reimbursement) :</b>			
1 Revenue from Operations #	325	2,555	2,880
	2,163	3,674	5,837
2 Expenditure for services received	1	1	2
	1	-	1
<b>B Balances at the year end:</b>			
1 Unearned revenue	-	58	58
	-	246	246
2 Receivables #	-	448	448
	-	867	867

# Includes Accrued Revenue

Figures in italic represents previous year amounts

### 31.3 Disclosure in respect of major related party transactions and balances during the year :

(₹ in lakh)

	Relationship	2024-25	2023-24
<b>A Transactions during the year:</b>			
<b>1 Revenue from Operations #</b>			
Digital18 Media Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	1,237	3,672
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	Enterprises Exercising Control	325	2,163
AETN18 Media Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	-	2
Star India Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	1,318	-
<b>2 Expenditure for services received</b>			
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	Enterprises Exercising Control	1	1
Metro Cash & Carry India Pvt Ltd	Fellow Subsidiary	1	-

# Includes Accrued Revenue

### 31.3 Disclosure in respect of major related party transactions and balances during the year (Contd.):

(₹ in lakh)

	Relationship	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
<b>B Balances at the year end :</b>			
<b>1 Unearned Revenue</b>			
Digital18 Media Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	-	246
Star India Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	58	-
<b>2 Receivables</b>			
Digital18 Media Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	-	158
Star India Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	448	-
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	Enterprises Exercising Control	-	709

# Includes Accrued Revenue

## 32 RELATIONSHIP WITH STRUCK OFF COMPANIES

There are no balance outstanding as on 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024 on account of any transaction with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

## 33 CAPITAL AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

### i CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will continue as going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders.

The capital structure of the Company consists of cash and cash equivalent and equity.

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

### ii MARKET RISK

#### a FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE/ CURRENCY RISK

Foreign Currency Risk is the risk that the Fair Value or Future Cash Flow of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency rates. Exposure can arise on account of various assets and liabilities which are denominated in currencies other than functional currency. The Company's has no foreign currency exposure as on 31st March, 2025.

#### iii SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

1% appreciation/ depreciation of the respective foreign currencies with respect to the functional currency of the Company would result in decrease/ increase in the Company's profit before tax by ₹ (NIL) for the period ended 31st March, 2025 and by ₹ (NIL) for the year ended 31st March, 2024.

#### iv FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities exposes it mainly to credit risk. The finance team identifies and evaluates financial risk in close coordination with the Company's business teams.

Credit risk is the risk that customers or counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities primarily trade receivables.

Customer credit risk is managed by business team subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customers receivables are regularly monitored.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date for major customers. Receivables are grouped into homogenous groups and assessed for impairment collectively. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to receivables as low.

### 34 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET) :

In the absence of reasonable certainty that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised, the Company has not recognized the deferred tax assets amounting to ₹ 82 lakh (Previous Year ₹ 76 lakh) arising out of tangible assets, intangible assets and other items. The same shall be reassessed at subsequent balance sheet date.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets at the end of the reporting period and deferred tax credit/(charge) in profit & loss and other comprehensive income

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 1st April, 2024	Charge/(credit) to Statement of Profit and Loss	Others	As at 31st March, 2025
<b>Deferred Tax Assets in relation to:</b>				
i. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (₹ 22,637)	15	-	3	18
ii. Provisions	14	-	1	15
iii. Carried forward loss	47	-	2	49
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>82</b>

# Note : This deferred tax asset is not recognised in the books of accounts.



# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

### 35 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT HIERARCHY

(₹ in lakh)

	As at 31st March, 2025				As at 31st March, 2024			
	Carrying Amount	Level of input used in			Carrying Amount	Level of input used in		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Financial Assets</b>								
<b>At Amortised Cost *</b>								
Trade Receivables	739	-	-	-	1,058	-	-	-
Cash and Bank Balances	4	-	-	-	97	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets	12	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
<b>At FVTPL</b>								
Investments	764	764	-	-	396	396	-	-
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>	<b>1,519</b>				<b>1,559</b>			
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>								
<b>At Amortised Cost</b>								
Trade Payables	222	-	-	-	655	-	-	-
<b>Total Financial Liabilities</b>	<b>222</b>	-	-	-	<b>655</b>	-	-	-

\* The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying amounts.

#### 35.1 The Fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consist of the following three levels:

Level 1: Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs are other than the quoted prices included within the Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Inputs are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part using a valuation model based on assumption that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

#### 35.2 Valuation Methodology

All financial instruments are initially recognised and subsequently re-measured at fair value as described below:

- The fair value of investment in quoted Equity Shares and Mutual Funds is measured at quoted price or Net Assets Value (NAV). as applicable.
- The fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined based on adjusted quoted price of underlying assets, information about market participants, assumptions and other data that are available including using discounted cash flow analysis. as applicable.

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

### 36 RATIOS

	2024-2025	2023-2024	Variance
i Current ratio @	4.23	2.77	52.86%
ii Debt-Equity Ratio	-	-	-
iii Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
iv Return on Equity Ratio (%) **	(0.71)%	(3.96)%	(82.12)%
v Inventory turnover ratio *	2.90	1.38	110.37%
vi Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio (i.e debtors turnover ratio) #	4.72	9.10	(48.12)%
vii Trade payables turnover ratio ~	9.05	13.60	(33.47)%
viii Net capital turnover ratio \$	2.19	3.60	(39.28)%
ix Net profit ratio (%) \$\$	(0.34)%	(1.16)%	(70.64)%
x Return on Capital employed (%) &&	(2.67)%	(5.67)%	(52.86)%
xi Return on investment (%) &	5.57%	2.78%	100.38%

@ Current ratio has increased due to reduction in Current Liabilities

\*\* Return on Equity Ratio has reduced due to lower loss in current year

\* Inventory turnover Ratio has Increased due to decrease in inventory in current year

# Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio has decreased due to decrease of Revenue from Operations in current year

~ Trade Payables Turnover Ratio has decreased due to decrease in purchase in current year

\$ Net capital turnover ratio is lower due to decrease in revenue from operations in current year

\$\$ Net profit ratio has increased due to lower loss in current year

&& Return on Capital employed ratio has increased due to reduction in capital employed

& Return on investment has increased due to Increase in investment income in current year

#### 36.1 Formulae for computation of ratios are as follows -

i Current Ratio	=	$\frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities (Including Current maturities of Non-Current Borrowings)}}$
ii Debt/ Equity Ratio	=	$\frac{\text{Total Debt (Non-Current Borrowings + Current Borrowings)}}{\text{Total Equity}}$
iii Debt Service Coverage Ratio	=	$\frac{\text{Earnings before Interest and Tax}}{\text{Interest Expense + Principal Repayments made during the period for long term loans}}$
iv Return on Equity Ratio (%)	=	$\frac{\text{Profit After Tax (Attributable to Owners)}}{\text{Average Net Worth}}$
v Inventory Turnover Ratio	=	$\frac{\text{Cost of Materials Consumed}}{\text{Average Inventories of Goods}}$
vi Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	=	$\frac{\text{Revenue from Operations}}{\text{Average Trade Receivables}}$
vii Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	=	$\frac{\text{Purchase (Production and Other Direct Expenses + Other Expenses)}}{\text{Average Trade Payables}}$

# Colosceum Media Private Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

viii	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	=	$\frac{\text{Revenue from Operations}}{\text{Average Working Capital (Current Assets - Current Liabilities)}}$
ix	Net Profit Ratio (%)	=	$\frac{\text{Profit/ (Loss) after Tax}}{\text{Total Income}}$
x	Return on Capital Employed (%) <sup>&amp;&amp;</sup>	=	$\frac{\text{Profit/ (Loss) after tax + Deferred Tax Expenses / (Income) + Finance Cost (-) other Income}}{\text{Average Capital Employed}}$
xi	Return on Investment (%)	=	$\frac{\text{Interest Income on Bank Deposits + Net Gain/ (Loss) arising on Financial Assets designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss}}{\text{Average Cash and Cash Equivalents + Financial Assets designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss}}$

&& Capital employed includes Equity and reduced by Investments and Cash and Cash Equivalents.

### 37 SEGMENT REPORTING

(i) The Company is engaged in only one segment i.e. "Content Production" and as such there is no separate reportable segment as per Ind As 108 operating segments. Since the Company's operation are only in India, it has determined single geographical segment.

(ii) Four (Previous Year 'Three') customer represents more than 10% of Company's total revenue during the current year as well as previous year.

### 38 OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

(a) The Company does not have any Capital Work-In-Progress, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

(b) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

(i) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(ii) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(c) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company:

(i) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(ii) Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(d) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

(e) Details of Loan given, Investment made and Guarantee given covered u/s 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013

(i) No Loan amount outstanding given by the Company to body corporate as at 31st March, 2025.

(ii) No Investment made by the Company as at 31st March, 2025.

(iii) No Guarantee has been given by the Company as at 31st March, 2025.

**39** Previous year's figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to make them comparable to current year's figures.

**40** The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 15th April, 2025.

**Colosceum Media Private Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025**

As per our Report of even date

For **Chaturvedi & Shah LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
Registration No.: 101720W/W100355

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors  
**Colosceum Media Private Limited**

**Vijay Napawaliya**  
Partner  
Membership No.: 109859

**Kshipra Jatana**  
Director  
DIN 02491225

**Karanvir Singh Gill**  
Director  
DIN 07283590

**Bindu Navinchandra Trivedi**  
Director  
DIN 07986509

Date: 15th April, 2025